

SWEARS IN TODAY.

Senator Walsh Reaches Washington and Has Many Callers.

GOES TO HEAR SAM SMALL LECTURE

Much Interest Is Taken in Senator Hill's Coming Speech.

NO ONE KNOWS WHERE HE STANDS

He Is Opposed to the Income Tax, but Has Been Silent on the Tariff Question Thus Far

Washington, April 8.—(Special.)—Senator Walsh and Mrs. Walsh arrived today and are residing at the Metropolitan hotel. Senator Walsh will be sworn in at noon tomorrow. Senator Gordon will present him and the entire Georgia congressional delegation will be present. Senator Walsh has had hundreds of callers today. Among them could be counted a liberal percentage of those in search of a liberal government job. In response to a request for an interview, Mr. Walsh said: "I am too old a newspaper man for that. Oh, no! I am not here to be interviewed until I know what I am about."

In response to a query, he said: "I am for the Wilson tariff bill. I am for the income tax. I am for the repeal of the state bank tax. If I hadn't been, I wouldn't have been sent here. Oh, yes; I stand just as does Speaker Crisp. And now we will stop the interview," said Mr. Walsh, with a good-natured laugh.

Senator and Mrs. Walsh made their debut before the Washington public at the National theater tonight to hear Sam Small lecture in reply to Ingersoll's. Small's subject was "What should I do to be saved?" It was a splendid effort. He pounded Ingersoll's arguments and preached one of the finest sermons the Washington public has heard in many a day.

What Will Mr. Say? The condition of affairs in the senate is badly mixed. The outlook for the democratic party is gloomy, unless the course of some democratic senators is soon changed.

No one exactly understands the course of Senator Hill, of New York. It is true he is against the income tax and does not like many other features of the bill, but whether or not he intends to defeat the bill no one seems to know. With Murphy he has that power, but whether he will exercise it remains to be seen.

Senator Hill will probably define himself in his speech Monday. The vote in the senate Friday on adjournment showed the democratic senators who are acting with the republicans to throw stumbling blocks in the way of the tariff. Hill is leading them, for reasons best known to himself. Murphy is simply training with Hill.

Price is probably acting this way for personal reasons. You know the effect of a few stumbling blocks in the tariff road causes the impression that the bill may be defeated. And that, you know, has its effect upon the stock market.

Call Is Mysteriously Silent. The most surprising occurrence of Friday, however, was the silence of Mr. Call, of Florida. It looks as though Call has made some deal with the republicans.

Certainly there is a suspicious looking cloud floating about Mr. Call. You know, by the aid of the votes of the republicans he was able to have the senate reject the nomination of H. W. Long as register of the land office at Gainesville. And now he wants the republicans to aid him in turning down George W. Wilson, who has been nominated for collector of one of the Florida ports. Mr. Call's action in aiding like he has some deal with them.

In view of the combinations that some democrats have made with the republicans, in view of the fact that there is an element of protection democrats in the senate, and in view of the fact that there is a speculative element in the senate that can feather its nest, so to speak, out of manipulating stocks if the bill is defeated, the outlook right now is dark and gloomy.

Feffer Is Opposed to It. The speech of Feffer, the hearded Kansas populist, indicates that he will cast his vote against the bill. How the other populists will vote no one seems to know. Thus if just two democratic senators choose to defeat the bill they can do it.

But the true democrats of the senate are determined to force the kickers to show their hands. On Monday or Tuesday Senator Harris will propose that the tariff be made the regular order of the senate, to be taken up daily immediately after morning routine business is disposed of and that the senate sit daily until 6 o'clock in order that the tariff bill may be disposed of at the earliest practical moment.

The vote on this proposition will force every senator to show his hand, and the country will know upon whose head to place the responsibility for the underhand fight being made against the tariff bill.

Must Vote Again on Silver. Just as soon as some action is taken on the state bank tax bill Mr. Bland will call the coinage committee of the house together and report a free coinage bill.

Mr. Bland will not attempt to rush the matter in the house, but says he is determined to make every member show his hand before this session adjourns. They must again vote upon silver, says Mr. Bland.

W. B. SPEAKING OF SILVER. Mr. Warner Proposes a Great Convention for Some Southern City.

Washington, April 8.—(Special.)—The possibility of a silver convention to be held in the near future, President A. J. Warner, of the Bimetallic League, said today: "The Bimetallic League, however, has concluded to hold in Washington at or near the time of the arrival of Coxey and his army, an absurdity. At least the Bimetallic League have nothing to do with such a plan. I do not know of any convention of this kind that is going to be held in Washington, and I do not believe that there will be one."

The Bimetallic League, however, has considered the advisability of holding a vast silver convention somewhere in the south, possibly in Memphis, Tenn. No definite arrangements have been made, however, and

the time has not been set. It is not even decided that the convention will be held."

MUST NOT DO IT AGAIN.

A Decision Which Applies to the Seizure of the Telegraphs. Washington, April 8.—Governor Tillman's reported statements that news is not commerce and that the interstate commerce law has nothing to do with it, has directed attention to a decision rendered by a majority of the supreme court in 1877, bearing indirectly on this subject. At the time Chief Justice Waite in delivering the opinion of the court held that "the case of Gibbons vs. Ogden, it has never been doubted that commercial intercourse is an element of commerce which comes within the regulating power of congress."

The question at issue was the case of the Pensacola Telegraph Company vs. the Western Union Telegraph Company. The chief justice in the course of his opinion held that it is not only the right, but the duty of congress, to see that the transmission of intelligence are not obstructed or unnecessarily encumbered by state legislation."

SUMMERS IS FREE AGAIN.

With an Accomplish He Breaks Jail and Gets Away.

Jackson, Miss., April 8.—(Special.)—Charles Summers has escaped from jail again. He was sentenced with Tom Mistry, from Meridian, some eighteen months ago for robbing the Southern Express Company of \$5,000, but escaped from the prison authorities in August last by a clever trick played on a guard. He attended the world's fair and was captured in San Francisco last December by Pinkerton and returned to the prison walls again. When the cells were unlocked for breakfast this morning he went straight to the guard tower of George S. Funches. Funches had left the door on the inside of the wall leading up to the tower unlocked, and Summers went in, locked the door, ascended the stairs, discarded his prison garb and donned the suit of citizen's clothes provided by Funches. Then he and Funches, the latter going first, lowered themselves on a rope. They were pursued by a posse with the prison hounds and tracked to the rear of the state capital, south of the city on the Illinois Central railroad, where all signs of them were lost.

Summers some weeks ago discovered a plot on the part of some desperate criminals—Brooks Story, express train robber; Denny, a high-class crook and safe blower; and Taggart, a burglar and robber from Scotland, Jackson sought to blow up the prison walls with dynamite. Summers divulged it to the prison warden, who operated through him to run down the scheme, which was successfully done, and a murderous piece of work was thwarted.

The governor has offered a reward of \$500 for the apprehension and return of Summers and \$100 for the capture and return to Jackson of Funches.

Funches is described as follows: Age, twenty-five; height, five feet, nine inches; complexion, white; dark, deep-set blue eyes; hair dark and close cut behind; spare face; light, tan mustache; has an impediment in his speech; very broad-shouldered and a small waist; wears No. 5 shoe, and had on a pair of red shoes and light, dove-colored hat; had a ring on the third finger of his left hand, fan-shaped, set with pearls and rubies; has a small hand.

Summers is white; age, twenty-five; five feet, six inches high; light hair; blue eyes; tattooed on forearm; scar on forehead of left hand; small scar on right side of back near the middle; two scars on outside of right thigh; upper front tooth crowned and filled; long, dim scar over left eye; about 135 pounds.

The prison authorities believe that they have got him.

S. H. H. CLARK TO RESIGN.

The Great Railway Manager Now on His Way South.

Omaha, Neb., April 8.—(Special.)—It is reported in railway circles that President S. H. H. Clark, the managing receiver of the Union Pacific Railway Company, will soon resign his position. Mr. Clark is now on his way south and will probably take a trip to Europe to regain his health. It has been hinted for some time that Mr. Clark has not been in harmony with the other receivers, as he has entertained the most cordial relations with the republicans, and is said to have strenuously opposed the issuance of the reduction of wages scheduled on January 27th.

After his rest he will probably resume his old place at the head of the Missouri Pacific. It will be remembered that about one year ago he resigned his place as president of the Union Pacific to return to the Missouri Pacific by the wishes of George Gould, but he was prevented by the directors to return to the Union Pacific. Since the receivership arrangement and the alleged conflict among the receivers, Mr. Clark has, it is said, been very anxious to return to St. Louis, and George Gould has been anxious to have him return to the head of the Missouri Pacific.

If Mr. Clark returns, his successor will probably be Edward Dickinson, the general manager of the system, who is an excellently well qualified man and was publicly commended by Judge Caldwell last week. Mr. Clark is very much loved by the employees, who have not the same regard for Mr. Dickinson.

WILL ELECT THREE SENATORS.

Louisiana's Legislature Will Be the First to Enjoy That Privilege.

New Orleans, April 8.—The session of the Louisiana legislature will open today. It will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States. The term of Senator White, who resigned to accept the supreme court, expires in March, 1895, and to fill this vacancy Representative N. C. Blanchard was appointed senator by the governor. The legislature will, of course, elect a senator for the term of two years, to begin in 1895 and expire in 1901. This term will also have to be filled.

It is not improbable that the same man will be elected to both of these vacancies, but it is by no means certain, and the legislature may take it into its head to honor two men by electing one of them to fill out Mr. White's long term and the other the short term.

Finally there is the senatorship made vacant by the death of Senator Gibson, whose term would have expired in 1897, and is now filled by Mr. Caffery, both of the present senators from Louisiana being appointed by the governor and both candidates for re-election.

A lively quadrangular fight has already begun. So far it is only certain that Mr. Blanchard will be elected to one of the senatorships, with the chances about equal between Senator Caffery, ex-Senator Jonas and Representative Boatner for the other senatorships.

Shot His Son-in-Law. Murphy, N. C., April 8.—(Special.)—News has just reached here that Hon. A. H. Hayes, of Bryson City, a neighboring town, had shot Rube Childers, his son-in-law, through the neck with a pistol for trying to assault his daughter. Mr. Hayes is well known here, as he was a former citizen, and has many friends who deeply regret the occurrence. It is feared that Childers is wounded seriously. Childers married Hayes's daughter several years ago, and it was while defending his daughter that he shot his son-in-law.

TILLMAN IS WROTH.

Carolina's Fiery Governor Speaks His Mind on the Eastern Democrats.

HE UTTERLY DESPISES MUGWUMPS

Gives Mr. Cleveland and the Patronage Papers a Blistering Roast.

DENOUNCES THE GOLD CONSPIRACY

Denies That He Is a Populist, but Says That the Southern and Western Democrats Should Combine.

Columbia, S. C., April 8.—Governor Tillman today gave a surprising interview to the press.

An extract from a letter from a populist, in which the writer said that the only thing he did not admire about the governor's political course so far was that he did not have the moral courage to come out squarely and call himself a populist, was read to Governor Tillman. Then he was asked if he had seen all the references made to him by the northern press as the populist governor.

Governor Tillman rose and walked up and down. His eye flashed fire, and in the most determined manner he said:

"Yes, they call me a populist. I will tell them that I am the truest representative of Jeffersonian democracy the lead in American politics today. Let me tell you, I don't see anything ahead now but for the southern democrats to combine their forces with the western populists and go into the next national campaign on new party lines."

"The northeastern democrats and republicans are now together. It is a combination of the moneyed interests."

Despises Mugwumps. The governor then turning, suddenly and in a somewhat excited and very forcible manner said:

"I despise Cleveland and his mugwumps. He is no better than the rankest republican. He has destroyed the democratic party. The south and west will be forced now to unite and have a complete reorganization of party lines. The people who are afraid of the negro and other questions will have to cast aside their fears on those scores and come together on the one line of fighting the money combination. Cleveland has been working under the dictation of the New York bankers and bargaining with them in the matter of the issue of bonds. He promised the bankers that if they would take the bonds there would be no more legislation on the silver question by this congress. Congress passed the seigniorage act and he vetoed the bill, indicating plainly the nature of his bargain with the bankers."

A Scheme of Robbery. The whole thing is such a scheme of robbery that he ought to be impeached for it. It is a shame and a disgrace. The idea of this great government having to beg a lot of shysters for assistance is so outrageous that there is not any language too strong in which to characterize it. Cleveland is owned, body and soul, by these scoundrels. He secured his nomination at Chicago through the influence of a subsidized press, and what votes he lacked there, after exhausting such means, he bought with promises of patronage, which promises have been since redeemed—the goods have been delivered. His attempt to browbeat and debase the senators and representatives was outrageous in the extreme. If those cowardly congressmen up there had any appreciation of their duty to their constituency at home they would impeach him.

"Consider the farce and treason to the interests of the masses in issuing bonds under a pretense of increasing the gold reserve when that same gold is paid in at service when and drawn out at another with silver certificates. And the same process can go on till the silver certificates are exhausted and the people have to pay the interest."

Get Together. "Well, governor, what is your idea of what ought to be done?" was asked.

The governor thought for an instant and then said:

"Well, I'll tell you. I think that the silver men of this country ought to meet in convention at Memphis or St. Louis and organize a fight to control the next congress. Let the west and the south cast aside all differences and get together. It is a fight between gold and silver or poverty and prosperity. One more word as to Mr. Cleveland. I think that it is most damnable and outrageous, his being dictated to and bought up by those bondholders. It is degrading to his high office. He is abusing his power to dictate with such people and barter away the people's blood even upon the pretext of financial relief."

Abused by Paid Hirelings. "The newspapers which are snarling and snapping at my heels as being a populist are the paid hirelings of his bosses. I am a populist in this sense, that I am for the people's rights, but there are many planks in the populist platform which I do not endorse. If the silver congressmen will issue a call for a silver convention and carry the war into Africa, we will teach those blood-sucking gold thieves a lesson in politics such as they have not had since Jackson's campaign against the banks. The farmers of the south and west will move on Washington in a solid body and demand legislation that will give them relief from the grinding poverty produced by 6-cent cotton and 2-cent wheat."

MURDEROUS MOONSHINERS. Two of Them Fought, One Is Nearly Killed, the Other Escapes.

Murphy, N. C., April 8.—(Special.)—News has just reached here of a terrible fight that occurred a few days ago between two moonshiners on the head of Hanging Dog, a settlement six miles north of here, in the interminable fastnesses of the big mountains.

Several weeks ago the revenue officers cut up the still of one Wash Gaddis, since which time he has been acting in the capacity of distiller for Clayton. Last Wednesday night a crowd was at Wash Gaddis's still, drinking, singing and cutting up generally, when Gaddis and Clayton got into a dispute about the division of some whiskey. The lie was passed, whereupon Clayton hit Gaddis on the head just above the right eye, crushing it in, and then cut him in the back in two places, the gashes being from four to six inches long. Gaddis is in a precarious condition and not expected to live. Clayton is hiding in the mountains and has not yet been arrested.

SILVER IN GERMANY.

Von Kardoff Declares That the Government Must Rehabilitate Silver.

STATE RAILWAYS ARE PAYING WELL

Men Employed by the State Get No Holiday on May 1st.

WILLIAM IS GOING ON ANOTHER JAUNT

Alexander Has Promised to Pay Him a Visit Soon—Drummers Are Getting Large Orders Over in Russia.

Berlin, April 8.—(Copyrighted, 1894, by the United Press.)—The reichstag came not yet warmed to its work. Not a sitting since the recess has been well attended, and even in the debates on the Bourse tax and bimetalism, the most conspicuous speakers talked to half-empty benches. Yesterday was expected to bring with it the culmination of the struggle over the Bourse tax. Many persons gathered in the galleries in the hope of witnessing a hot contest, but their hope was vain. While the government's supporters came in solid phalanx the ranks of the opposition parties showed such large gaps as to suggest doubts of their earnestness in combating Dr. von Kardoff.

Chancellor von Caprivi listened attentively to the debate, but did not join in it. He left the whole onus of the defense on Friday and Saturday to Dr. Miquel and Count Posadowsky. The secretary of the imperial treasury has made many good speeches since he was lifted from obscurity into his present high office a few months ago. On Friday, however, he outdid himself and compelled even his opponents to commend his readiness and keenness.

Herr von Kardoff, the champion of silver and high tariffs, impetuously the government at the work of the imperial currency commission. He at once guessed that they must resort to an exclusively gold currency or rehabilitate silver. The 5-mark silver piece, he said, had a metal value of only 2 marks, and the silver thalers, were worth hardly half their face value. Unless the government intended to restore the similarity between the nominal and real value of these coins, the present thaler and 5-mark pieces should be withdrawn.

Kardoff is a Joker. Count Kanitz, another agrarian bimetalist, caused much laughter by saying it was a good stroke of business for the government to coin largely when the market value was so low.

The difference between the face and real values could be well used to pay part of the debt. Count Posadowsky, in his reply, ignored the theoretical arguments of the opposition. He repudiated the insinuation that the government proposed to mint 2,000,000 marks in silver for the profit of it. The coins to be authorized by the bill, he said, were needed by the merchants and traders of the empire, and the government's decision to satisfy this need had no bearing whatever upon the abstract rights and wrongs of the problem of the standards. In his subsequent remarks on international currency relations, Count Posadowsky disclosed a surprising grasp of the subject. When the tobacco and wine tax bills come before the full house again, Dr. Miquel, virtually unaided by the other ministers, will conduct the defense of the government's interests.

The Railways Pay. The most conspicuous bill before the Prussian landtag propose to create provincial chambers of agriculture, to reform the organization of the Protestant state church and to change the system of operating the state railways.

The proposal to alter the railroad system has already received the assent of the lower house. It necessitates the discharge of 1,700 officials for whose relief Herr Thelen, minister of public works, expects to provide in a special bill. Herr Thelen announced in the landtag that the receipts from the state railways showed a surplus of \$3,000,000 marks above the estimates. The financial difficulties of the Prussian government have, therefore, vanished and the treasury is again free from all embarrassments. Count Kanitz took advantage of the debate on the state railways to rail in general against the government and in particular against its proposal to grant cheaper rates to workmen. Such a concession, he said, would merely foster socialism.

Must Work on May 1st. The social democratic leaders are making no special preparations to celebrate May Day. Nevertheless, the government is apprehensive of trouble, and has had all workmen in the state service warned that they will be discharged in case they absent themselves from the shops on May 1st.

Going Off on a Trip. Emperor William has telegraphed to Kiel that the imperial yacht Hohenzollern must be ready by Whit Monday for a long journey. He intends to make a trip to the North Cape early in May. At court, the report is that the emperor found Abbazia little to his liking. He is said to have chafed under the discomforts caused by the fickle climate and to be eager for another trip in which he may get the usual benefits of a vacation. His reception in Venice has been enthusiastic enough, however, to restore his good humor, for the cordiality of the Italian people has been quite beyond all expectation.

The Berlin newspapers say that the popularity of the triple alliance with the Italians has been demonstrated once more. Despite the burdens of the military and naval budgets, the people of Italy are supposed to cling still with undiminished loyalty to the alliance which affords them security against foreign aggression.

Aleck Promises a Visit. Before going to the North Cape Emperor William wishes to fix the date of his meeting with the czar. Several days ago he ordered General von Werder, his ambassador in St. Petersburg, to seek to persuade the czar to come to Berlin. Werder is said to have been successful in executing this order and to have obtained the czar's promise to pass three days here and in Potsdam as the emperor's guest. The emperor has already planned a series of fetes, which, in case of a meeting here, will show to the world the great significance of the revival of the Russo-German alliance.

Russia Is Good Buyer. His financial houses are resuming their relations with Russian enterprises. For instance, the discount society and several other firms announce the issue of Warsaw and Vienna railway bonds to the amount of 25,000,000 marks. The Koenigs and Laura works, in Silesia, have opened twelve new puddling furnaces to satisfy the increased Russian demand. The representatives of German commercial agencies, who are now swarming to Russia, agree that there is every prospect of an enormous trade. They add that if the boom be properly exploited here, Germany will be able to get much of Russia's import trade away from England.

Germany's Silver Coinage Bill. Berlin, April 8.—The new silver coinage bill was discussed in the reichstag yesterday. Count Posadowsky, secretary of the imperial treasury, who has charge of the bill, said that it would be impossible for Germany alone to regulate the coinage of silver. That was not to be expected. But as an international regulation was still a distant possibility Germany must act for the best under the circumstances. The fears expressed by Herr von Kardoff that it was the intention of Germany to adopt a pure gold standard, he said, were absolutely unfounded.

RICH BUT UNHAPPY. The Father-in-Law Interfered and Separated the Young Couple.

Berlin, April 8.—Berlin society has been entertained for the last week by the Hertsgo divorce case. Rudolph Hertsgo is to Berlin what A. T. Stewart was once to New York. Young Mrs. Hertsgo was the daughter of a prosperous tradesman and was intelligent and pretty. She made her husband happy. Old Hertsgo, however, exerted all his influence to separate the couple, and eventually the young husband disappeared with a baby boy which his wife had borne him a few months before.

Aided by her friends, his wife traced his movements through Europe, and even to America. After she had followed him for some time, without overtaking him, she was requested by old Hertsgo to consent to a divorce and accept from him 100,000 marks as compensation. She refused to accept the offer unless the custody of the child should be granted her. Negotiations were then suspended. Recently young Hertsgo and his child were discovered living under an assumed name in San Sebastian. When old Hertsgo learned that his son's whereabouts was known he increased his offer of money in case of divorce, and agreed that his daughter-in-law should have the custody of the boy up to his fifteenth year. On this basis an arrangement was made, and on Thursday a Berlin court divorced the young couple on the ground of "incompatibility of temperament."

LACAYO IS A DANDY. With an Army of Five Men He Has Subjugated Bluefields.

New Orleans, April 8.—The Picayune's Bluefields correspondent, writing under date of April 1st, says: "The blockade between Bluefields and Rama, which has existed since the assassination of Wilson, was broken yesterday morning when five steamships went up the river. 'This is to be regretted, as these ships and the banana planters will be obliged to pay the port charges and duties to these Nicaraguan invaders. Strange as it may seem, there are only six Nicaraguans in Bluefields, who are keeping this entire community in a deplorable state of feverish excitement. Were it not for the suffering of the poor people, the Americans here would enjoy the nipping game played by Charles A. Lacayo. Without backing of any desecration from Nicaragua, and with only five henchmen, he has drawn about fifty thousand dollars from the business men of Bluefields. He walks through the town with a smile which seems to say: 'I am exceedingly pleased with your hospitality.' Owing to the entire suspension of the banana business, there has been much suffering among the poor people during the last few days. As the blockade has been broken, the people are hoping that with the arrival of a United States warship they will not be again subjected to further outrages and cruel hardships."

BISHOP DONAHUE CONSECRATED. An Imposing Service Conducted by Cardinal Gibbons at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., April 8.—The cathedral this morning was the scene of one of the most august ceremonies of the Catholic church. With solemn rights and magnificent music, Rev. P. J. Donahue was consecrated bishop of Wheeling. Cardinal Gibbons conducted the services and performed the consecration in the presence of distinguished prelates and hundreds of the laity. There were gathered in the sanctuary five archbishops, exclusive of Cardinal Gibbons; eight bishops, a large number of the lesser clergy and several hundred gentlemen. Archbishop Satolli, the papal legate, was not there, but he was represented by his secretary, Monsignor Baretti. In the sanctuary, Cardinal Gibbons, in full canonicals, occupied the throne at the right, while the assistant consecrators, Bishop Foley, of Detroit, and Bishop Haid, of North Carolina, were seated near by. Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul; Williams, of Boston; Ryan, of Philadelphia; Chapelle, of Santa Fe, and Kahn, of St. Louis; Bishops Phelan, of Pittsburgh; Keane, of the Catholic university at Washington; Northrop, of South Carolina; McDonald, of Maryland; Van Duser, of Richmond, and Maes, of Covington, Ky., were grouped in the foreground. Cardinal Gibbons was the celebrant of the mass.

HAIL IN TEXAS. Chunks of Ice Fall Through Houses, Kill Cattle and Hurt Men.

New Orleans, April 8.—The Times-Democrat's special from San Antonio, Tex., says: A dispatch was received here today from Gillespie county, stating that that section was visited yesterday by one of the severest hail storms ever known there. Many cattle were killed by the stones which were six inches in circumference. The great chunks of ice went through roofs of houses and ruined the prospects of a fruit crop.

MUST NOT SHOOT WAITERS. An American Is to Be Shot in Mexico for Murder.

New Orleans, April 8.—The Times-Democrat's special from the City of Mexico says: The highest court of Mexico has confirmed the sentence of death recently passed upon Charles Adams, the American who murdered a waiter in a restaurant here three years ago. Adams comes of a prominent family of New Orleans and the American colony has used every effort to have his sentence lightened. He will probably be shot within the next few days.

QUEEN LIL'S LECTURE TOUR. Like the Other Franks She Wants to Be Sure of the Cash.

Indianapolis, April 8.—Dr. J. A. Houser has again heard from Queen Lil regarding the proposed lecture trip. Through her representative in Washington and a "high official" the queen, Dr. Houser says, agrees to his proposal, but intimates that she is fearful that there would not be any money in it. The doctor on Thursday wrote to her agreeing to pay all expenses and allow her \$25,000 to be deposited in any bank in the United States.

FILLS EVERY TIME.

A New York Photographer Can Match Any Man's Picture.

HE HAS NEARLY A MILLION PHOTOS

Doubles Produced of Sam Goode, Fulton Colville and Others.

ARTIST ST. GAUDENS IS SENSITIVE

Mr. Cleveland's Criticism of a Killmansey Leg Is Resented—The East Is Unhappy Over the Coxey Movement.

New York, April 7.—(Special Correspondence.)—There is a photographer in this city who is making money in a very queer business. He buys and collects photographs in all parts of the world, and now has a million of them, systematically classified according to age, bearded and smooth faces, and other distinctive features.

Where does his profit come in? Thousands of people every year occasionally need a photograph to give to a friend or to reproduce in a newspaper. They are in a hurry and only want one photograph. All that they have to do is to visit this artist, and in ten minutes he can find pictures that faithfully represent them. Nobody can tell the difference, and they could not be better suited if they sat for their photographs.

An Atlanta man, who was here the other day, heard of this place and visited it with a lot of photos of his fellow citizens in his pocket.

He pulled out a picture of Mr. Samuel W. Goode, taken several years ago. "Match that!" he said to the artist.

"I can do it," replied the photographer, and in two minutes he had the mate to the picture.

The Atlanta man asked who was the original of the photograph and was told that it was a portrait of Jay Gould, taken in 1880.

A photograph of Mr. Charles S. Northern was then shown, and the artist matched it at once with the picture of a man named Napoleon B. Hitchcock, the millionaire junk dealer in Brooklyn.

"This will be too much for you," remarked the visitor from Atlanta, as he showed a photograph of Scott Thompson.

"Here he is," was the reply, and out came a picture of the Rev. Zimri Wiggins, the young evangelist who is now residing in Canada until a truce can be patched up with his three wives who are inclined to make it hot for him just at present.

A portrait of Mayor Gooden was matched by the picture of a leading Tammany politician whose name your correspondent forgets.

"This is hard to match," said the artist, looking at a photograph of Mr. Fulton Colville. He finally hunted up its exact facsimile, and stated that it was a picture of Signor Bolaro, the popular tenor singer.

The man from Atlanta went down into his pocket again and brought out a portrait of Governor Bullock, only to see it quickly matched by the photo of one of the directors of the Bank of England.

The picture of a charming society lady on Peachtree street was paralleled by the face of a western young lady whose poetry is in all the magazines.

The photograph of Mr. Hamilton Douglas caused the artist to draw out one of the Rev. Dr. Thomas Dixon, of this city.

"How about this?" asked the Atlanta man, showing a portrait of Don Bain.

The photographer pulled out the portrait of Fergus McTavish, who established the big Scotch colony in Canada last year.

Captain John Fitten's photograph was precisely matched by one of Colonel Valentine Howard, the gallant English soldier who was butchered in the Zulu war.

The Atlanta gentleman went away firmly believing that every man has his double. No man can visit this dealer in old photographs without finding his own face exactly reproduced in some stranger's photograph.

Concerning Mr. Cleveland. President Cleveland was on hand to meet his old friend P. C. Benedict, when the latter arrived from Europe Friday, a passenger aboard the steamship Fuerst Bismarck. But Mr. Benedict was not forgotten entirely by the chief executive. The latter delegated Collector Kilbreth to meet his friend at quarantine, and thus was Mr. Benedict saved the annoyance of being pined with questions by the customs officers and suffering the exasperating details of baggage inspection.

Mr. Benedict was accompanied by his daughter. He said he had had an enjoyable time in the Orient, but was glad to be back once more on his native soil. What new speculation he will take, Mr. Cleveland into is not known.

Mr. Richard Watson Gilder, of The Century Magazine, has gone to Washington to submit his latest poem to the criticism of the president. If there is anything that Mr. Cleveland is passionately fond of, it is poetry of the magazine variety, such as his friend Gilder reels off by the yard.

By the way, St. Gaudens, the artist, is mad with the president—mad as a hornet. It happened in this way: Mr. St. Gaudens was commissioned to design a medal for the Chicago world's fair awards. On one side of the medal he placed the relief of a nude male figure, which several worthy senators objected to as being indecent. Secretary Carlisle said it was disgusting. Mr. Breckinridge saw it and blushed. Mr. Cleveland saw it and he passed the criticism that the figure looked as if it had a lame leg and the leg had been badly set.

Simply an Outrage. The mayors of western cities who are shipping the so-called industrial army east are altogether in the wrong. What are the eastern cities to do when the west unloads upon them these thousands of penniless tramps who claim that they are going to make a demonstration in Washington? The whole business should be nipped in the bud. It is now said that 10,000 peaceful workmen are to meet in Washington on the 26th to denounce the Wilson bill. They are to go to Washington from Pennsylvania on twenty-five special trains. Such demonstrations should not be encouraged in Washington. The mass meetings of workmen would be more effective if held at the homes of those giving expression to their opinions.

COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING. Four Killed and Five Seriously Injured by a Falling House.

Memphis, Tenn., April 8.—The brick three-story building, 154 and 156 Beal street, collapsed today at 7:3

THE CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, GA., April 9, 1894.

The Democratic Caucus.

The democratic caucus, which is called to meet tomorrow night for the purpose of uniting the party in the house on a measure repealing the unjust and unnecessary tax on state bank notes, should have no difficulty in coming to an understanding. The recommendation in the Chicago platform is plain, simple and direct. It says the 10 per cent prohibitory tax should be repealed by the party, and this recommendation, when we take into consideration the condition of the people in that vast section of the country that is constantly drained of its currency under the present financial system, ought to be promptly carried out.

It is to be hoped that the doctrinaires from the north and east—the men who assume to know it all—will not intrude their cranky schemes and projects into the caucus. The house is the place for such things. The caucus is the place where the party will decide whether it is able to unite in repealing a tax that is imposed for the benefit of the national banks. It is not generally known that the bill providing for the imposition of the tax became a law by an accident—through a misunderstanding—but that is the fact.

We think, therefore, that the time has come for the representatives of the people, hampered in their efforts to enlarge the basis of our currency by remonetizing silver, to relieve the citizens of the states from this oppressive tax, which forbids them to utilize their own sources of wealth and credit. Let the caucus act promptly, and if the diverse elements can be brought to the point of agreeing to follow the recommendation let a measure of repeal be introduced in the house and passed at once.

There seems to be an idea in the minds of some of our legislators—especially those who find it impossible to reason clearly unless they are prompted by information fresh from the money power—that the people of Massachusetts are interested in the local currency of the people of Georgia. But it is a pestiferous idea when it stands in the way of the constitutional right of the people of Georgia to utilize their credit. It is an idea that carries trailing behind it a litter of evils. It may as well be said that because a citizen of Massachusetts is not known in Georgia he has no business to issue his bill of credit—his promissory note—to any of his neighbors.

There also seems to be an idea that if the prohibitory tax is repealed all the states will be flooded with "wildcat" money. This idea grows out of the awful ignorance of men who are otherwise intelligent in regard to the whole business of state banking. Only those states that feel the need of a local currency will find it either desirable or necessary to utilize the privilege of permitting the local banks to issue notes.

In the north and east where the great volume of federal currency is congested for ten months in the year, state bank notes would not be as beneficial as in the south. In the vast section that is drained of its money under our present unjust and inelastic system a local currency would give a new impetus to energy and enterprise, and open up fresh sources of wealth and industry. Since the north and east would reap a part of these benefits in the way of enlarged trade and commerce, it is impossible to see why there should be any objection to the repeal of the prohibitory tax among the solid, substantial and thoughtful men of these sections.

We can understand why those who are wedded to the exclusive privileges of the national banking system should be opposed to the repeal of the law that concentrates their power, but we cannot understand why it should meet with opposition from substantial business men who understand and deplore the present drastic system—a system that expands and contracts, not in response to the demands of industry and enterprise, but in response to the personal schemes of those who have organized the present raid on the prosperity of the people.

The call for a caucus on this important question is very timely, and it will be still timelier and more satisfactory should the caucus conclude to take up the recommendation of the platform.

There can be no doubt that the repeal of the prohibitory tax will afford the people a measure of relief in those states where the volume of currency is at a

very low ebb. We, therefore, half the caucus as a sign that something is to be done. It will be well done if it be done quickly.

Close It Up!

When the exposition directors meet this afternoon we feel satisfied that they will not adjourn before they succeed in completing the minimum fund of \$200,000 required to start their great enterprise.

We cannot afford to waste another day waiting for the small sum which is still lacking. On every street in the city may be found half a dozen men who could subscribe the amount needed and never feel it. The months are rolling by rapidly and it is time to get to work. The first hammer that strikes a blow on the exposition buildings will be heard throughout the continent, and whatever may be the misfortunes of other cities, Atlanta will leap forward entirely free from the environment of hard times.

This matter should be closed up today. The world is waiting to hear from our exposition, and it will never do to send forth the tidings week after week that we are still haggling over the insignificant sum needed to complete the minimum fund.

The meeting this afternoon should practically start the exposition!

Bishop Haygood on Small Farms.

Bishop Haygood, in a recent letter in The Augusta Chronicle, compliments the owner of a 1,400 acre plantation for the "horse sense" he displayed in sending for the surveyor and instructing him to divide the tract into ten 140-acre farms.

The bishop then goes on to say: "Are there not several thousand places in Georgia that need dividing into small farms? In the old plantation—the 1,400 acres held together—the value was possibly \$500,000. The probability is, if it is held together, that in ten years more it will be worth \$3. With the farmers on it in ten years it may be worth \$20 per acre."

We talk of immigration and the need of population. Georgia will not be crowded when 5,000,000 of people find homes in her broad domain. But we would be better off can buy the 1,400 acres; most of them can buy the 140-acre farms.

I have a neighbor who owns 1,000 acres he cannot manage. He is growing old and his place running down. He should send for the surveyor and divide it into 100-acre farms, giving buyers reasonable terms. He would have money and they would have homes. And Georgia would keep her own people—the best of all people.

As it is young families "go west," the remnant of the old "rich before the war" people are forever pinched to pay the taxes on lands they cannot manage.

This is on the right line, and Bishop Haygood's letter should be widely circulated in every southern state. We have outgrown the days of big plantations. What we need now is the system of diversified farming applied to small farms. This will keep our people at home and draw a desirable class of immigrants from other states.

A Chapter of Southern Statistics.

According to the census reports the south is making gratifying progress.

The census figures of assessment and actual valuation for 1890 are as follows:

	Assessment.	Actual Valuation.
Virginia	\$70,642,533	\$82,618,070
North Carolina	57,875,223	68,148,559
South Carolina	176,528,462	400,911,303
Georgia	415,339,284	852,408,449
Alabama	185,614,329	388,601,388
Mississippi	271,961,846	622,773,504
Florida	208,393,024	454,242,688
Texas	271,961,846	622,773,504
Arkansas	1,230,417,771	2,105,676,796
Louisiana	233,506,131	456,147,422
Kentucky	718,730,381	1,172,232,940
Tennessee	483,761,610	887,956,143
Total	\$4,939,245,026	\$9,285,507,632

The assessment includes all property, and \$351,063,332 of the amount reported comes under the head of untaxed property. Strike out the exemptions, and only one-half of the property in the south pays taxes.

The value of our farm lands is thus summarized by the report:

	1880.	1890.
Virginia	\$254,490,600	\$383,977,010
North Carolina	138,977,010	\$214,500,000
South Carolina	152,008,230	\$383,977,010
Georgia	724,745,180	\$1,456,801,388
Alabama	388,601,388	\$724,745,180
Mississippi	127,425,157	\$254,490,600
Florida	85,242,688	\$176,528,462
Texas	622,773,504	\$1,230,417,771
Arkansas	2,105,676,796	\$4,153,392,846
Louisiana	456,147,422	\$911,284,844
Kentucky	1,172,232,940	\$2,344,465,880
Tennessee	887,956,143	\$1,775,912,286
Total	\$2,190,758,048	\$4,381,516,096

Some of the southern states have had the best, and get nearest to the true value of property. She is closely followed by Texas, Tennessee, Virginia and Florida. But Georgia is near the bottom of the list. Before the war assessments generally covered from 75 to 80 per cent of the property, but now they rarely go beyond 30 or 40 per cent.

During the past forty years the wealth of the south has fluctuated as follows:

	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.
Virginia	\$2,428,637,098	\$3,428,637,098	\$4,428,637,098	\$5,428,637,098	\$6,428,637,098
North Carolina	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
South Carolina	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Georgia	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Alabama	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Mississippi	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Florida	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Texas	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Arkansas	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Kentucky	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Tennessee	1,428,637,098	2,428,637,098	3,428,637,098	4,428,637,098	5,428,637,098
Total	\$24,286,370,980	\$34,286,370,980	\$44,286,370,980	\$54,286,370,980	\$64,286,370,980

It will be seen that during the war decade we lost \$2,428,637,098, nearly half our total property. It took fifteen years to recover from this loss, and the south is now better off than she was in 1860. But some of the states are still behind, while others are far ahead, as these figures giving the per capita of wealth in each state for 1860, 1870 and 1890 will clearly show:

Manufacturing is now one of the greatest factors of southern progress. In the last ten years our manufactured product has jumped from \$457,000,000 to \$917,000,000. This is \$460,000,000 in excess of

the value of our agricultural products for 1890.

It would be well to cut out these statistics and study them. Those who claim that agriculture is our most important interest will find food for thought in the official statement that in 1890 southern farms yielded a total of \$773,000,000, while southern manufactures, not including mining, yielded \$917,000,000.

If we take care of our mills they will take care of every other interest. Manufacturing makes new and better markets for our farmers.

The factory is the thing!

The people will wait with interest for news from the caucus on the state bank tax.

It appears now that some of the most distinguished cuckoos were for free coinage during the campaign. They got away from the railroad and talked right out in meeting.

Enon church had east to hear.

It was thought to be the easiest thing in the world for the democrats to carry out their reforms when the party not in power. But Wall street was in power before the democrats were.

Somebody ought to write to Mr. St. Gaudens and tell him that nakedness is not art.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Alexander III, of Russia, determined apparently on living up to his surname of the "Peasant Czar," has just given orders for the putting into execution of an elaborate and carefully considered scheme of providing state-paid attorneys for the people. The duties of these crown lawyers will consist in the gratuitous defense of the poor, especially of the peasantry, in criminal and civil cases. Alexander is of the opinion that wherever the state appoints a public prosecutor, it also ought to provide a public defender, free of cost, for the accused prisoner, if they happen to be poor or in estranged circumstances, and that if the state pays the lawyers who accuse, it ought also to remunerate the counsel who defend. In many countries the presiding judge often assigns the defense of pauper prisoners to lawyers present in court. But this applies only to criminal cases, and inasmuch as these ex-officio counsel receive no pay for their services, the presiding judge is in the majority of the cases the interests of the poor prisoner have to suffer. Emperor Alexander's plan of appointing defending counsel at a fixed rate, remuneration by the state obviates this drawback.

Interest in the short story does not lessen if the day of the great magazines are an indication. In the four numbers of Harper's Magazine already published this year there have appeared twenty-six short stories, besides a farce by W. D. Howells, while six complete tales are announced for the May number, with the first half of a two-part novelette. This enumeration does not include the short stories with which American writers have excelled is not yet a lost or an outgrown art.

GEORGIA'S NEW SENATOR.

Dalhousie Nugget: The Nugget congratulates the governor on making such an excellent appointment and the people of the state in having such an active and able representative in the United States senate.

Calhoun County Courier: We are constrained to endorse the appointment as a deserving honor to an able and staunch advocate of the people's rights.

Gibson Record: Mr. Walsh is a true democrat with marked ability and fully deserves all the praise that can be said of him.

Adel News: The appointment of Mr. Walsh will come about as near giving general satisfaction as any that could have been made.

Thomasville Times: The people of Georgia will have no cause to complain when he gives us such a strong and able representative in the United States senate.

Dalhousie Nugget: Our hat goes up this morning for Pat Walsh as United States senator.

Washington Gazette: We rejoice that it is Patrick Walsh and throw up our hat for him.

Blue Ridge Post: He will well represent Georgia's interest in the senate.

Early County News: The appointment of Mr. Walsh gives entire satisfaction to all here.

GEORGIA AND THE VETO.

West Georgia News: It is hard to see how any sane, sincere democrat can justify the veto—can see any friendship for silver in word or syllable; how he can hope for any friendly legislation during Mr. Cleveland's administration. Everywhere the message stands for gold and new bonds. When the people have asked for bread it has given a stone. When they have demanded a fish it has furnished a serpent.

Calhoun County Courier: It is very much to be regretted that the once idol of the people, Grover Cleveland, has so hopelessly handicapped his party by his "backbone" (mule-headed would be the better word) subservience to the Wall street goldbugs.

Greensboro Herald-Journal: Cleveland has the credit of being the first in the face of democratic sentiment, to ask congress for power to issue more gold bonds. And one issue leads to another, and every new deal rivets the chains more firmly around the people.

Cuthbert Liberal-Enterprise: A democratic president, elected on a platform pledged to keep gold and silver on a parity, vetoing a silver bill and in the same breath recommending more gold bonds! But Wall street must be pacified—and the people be d-d.

Danielsville Monitor: We are honestly of the opinion that his financial policy is not that of democracy, and is against gold government. He has repudiated the principles which he has elected, and violated the trust reposed in him.

Blue Ridge Post: President Cleveland has vetoed the Bland bill and is being censured by the democrats all over the union for this undemocratic act. He is not in harmony with his party.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Kinder Mixed.

Colonel's runnin' fer congress.
 Major's runnin' fer mayor.
 Captain's runnin' fer sheriff.
 An' the private's plowin' a steer!

Sergeant's off fer the senate—
 Corporal's beatin' him there;
 Chaplain's runnin' fer bishop;
 An' the private's plowin' a steer!

Colonel cussin' the captain,
 'Cause the vote is kinder small;
 Sergeant's after the corporal,
 An' the chaplain's cussin' 'em all!

O, rather than swear fer congress,
 An' rather than cuss fer mayor,
 I'll pasture out with the privates,
 An' keep on plowin' a steer!

—F. L. S.

A Sharp Fellow.
 "Sharp man, that editor!"
 "Widow sued him an' got judgment fer \$100."
 "Yes!"
 "Married the widow, got a divorce fer \$50, an' had forty left out of the hundred!"

"Who says poets don't pay?" cried the editor. "Here's a poem with fifteen stanzas in it!"

Cheap Advice.
 Don't spend your time in wishin'.
 While you're full o' health an' youth;
 When it's most too cold fer fishin',
 Stay at home and tell the truth!

A Georgia editor announces that he has still a few campaign speeches left which he will sell cheap for cash. This is a new industry in Georgia.

Bound to Be in the Race.

"Colonel's got a good speech, but all the states is taken."
 "They can't get ahead o' him on that; he's got a man cuttin' down trees at a dollar a day!"

The muse of Mr. "Gene Field fell in love with the malaria in Louisiana, and the chills, and gave Georgia the cold shoulder.

A Georgia Obituary.

He told the truth.
 Both day and night;
 He fished not when he was in town.
 They didn't bite.

Considerable improvement is noticeable in the columns of The Talbotton New Era. The editor has his coat off.

A Doubtful Compromise.

"I've won out six pairs of shoes," said the collector, "coming after you with this bill."

"Don't let that bother you," replied the editor. "I've got an old pair that'll just fit you!"

Henry Clay Fairman's latest and longest story, "The Third World," soon to begin in The Sunny South, will establish his reputation among the novelists of the day.

Getting the Time Down.

"What time was it when you saw this affair?" asked the justice.

"Well, sir," said the rural witness, "ef I don't disremember, hit war long about cane-grinin' time."

"Mean, what hour was it?"

"Well, sir, hit war about two hours by sun!"

Compliments of the season to Major Messer P. Handy, of Chicago, and he is the handsomest man of all of them around a newspaper office!

SPEAKER CRISP.

Worth County Local: Speaker Crisp's action in declining the appointment to Senator Calhoun's vacant seat was that of a patriot.

Barnesville Journal: Speaker Crisp, of Georgia, did what the majority of his admirers here said he would do. He shall have the long time if he wants it.

Quitman Free Press: Speaker Crisp did right to decline the appointment to the senate. He is of inestimable service to the south and to democracy where he is, and there he should stay.

Greensboro Herald-Journal: Speaker Crisp has many friends in Greensboro who regretted to have him refuse the appointment, but the reasons he assigns are entirely satisfactory, and his sacrifice of present emolument to his sense of duty makes him stronger than ever as a candidate for the long term.

GEORGIA POLITICAL NOTES.

The following are probable candidates for representative from Hall county: From the city, Colonel Fletcher M. Johnson and Hon. John A. Smith are frequently mentioned. It is not generally known, but The Gainesville Cracker has it pretty straight that Hon. Alf Smith, the present clerk of the court, will in all probability be put in the nomination that he will not be a candidate for United States senator.

The democratic executive committee of Gwinnett county will meet at Lawrenceville on Monday, April 16th.

D. J. Thaxton has been asked to enter the race for clerk of court of Butts county.

The Ellijay Courier publishes the announcement of Hon. T. W. Craig as a candidate for senator from the forty-first district.

J. P. Brown is a candidate for representative from Pulaski county.

There are three candidates for sheriff of Pulaski county—R. H. Martin, Charles I. Anderson and G. B. Birdsong.

STRANGE GEORGIA STORIES.

An alligator story which beats the record comes from Early county. Some negroes were at work in a turpentine farm near Damascus, clearing the trash and straw away from the boxes preparatory to burning them, when they came across an alligator who had crawled out during the last warm spell to put on his new spring suit, but who was knocked back into a state of dormancy by the recent cold snap. The old fellow was lying there stiff, hard, motionless and crusty, and the negroes decided that they would make an end of him by burning him up; so they dipped turpentine oil of the boxes and covered him over entirely with that inflammable substance, and then heaped pine straw on top of him and then poured more turpentine on that. When the fire broke out his alligatorship suddenly awoke from dreams of icebergs and hoar frosts into what he supposed was the land of perennial summer, where the bad "gnats" go. Nevertheless instinct was stronger than intellect, and Old Crusty decided that, even though he were in hell, he would split for a pond. He splitted, and through the pine woods he went, leaving a long streak of fire in his rapid flight, and he was seen the appearance of a gorgeous meteor floating away, leaving behind it a trail of flame.

A minute later (the trail of fire was a mile long) the "gator" was rolling over and under in the cooling waters of a cypress pond, but the woods were burning up.

The festive dandies, who, a minute before were waiting and watching in unfeigned glee to see the "gator" burn, were now busy fighting fire. After a long while they succeeded in putting it out, but ten crops of boxes had been destroyed.

Mr. W. L. Vaughn, of Lawrenceville, has a queer egg. In its appearance there is nothing peculiar about it. It is about the size of an ordinary egg, although not much over half as heavy. But roll the egg out of your hand on to a table, and then the fun begins; for as soon as this is done it begins to perform the most astonishing antics. It will dance around like a top for a few seconds, and then settle down on its little end!

At Dalhousie Charley Hunter, a colored barber, dreamed that he discovered a rich gold mine just above his house on Crain's hill. Next morning he told Eula Jefferson, a practical miner, what he had discovered in his sleep. Eula went up to see if there was anything in the dream. When he got to the spot he found the crowd he had seen in his dream, and he was a pick and shovel, encouraged sinking a pit, and at a short distance from the surface, sure enough, there was a vein bearing gold.

Four generations live in the residence of Mrs. L. R. Kinborough, in Harris county. The oldest representative of this one family is eighty-six.

On Saturday Senator Patrick Walsh left Georgia for Washington. Today he will be duly installed in office, where during the struggles that are to come he will worthily represent the interests of the country.

The entry of Senator Walsh into political life has been noteworthy. Patrick Walsh in the history of the state has such an emphatic demonstration of gratification been made. This floodtide of approval is not the mere formal expression of an untutored people, but the spontaneous outburst of heartfelt congratulations from those who know Walsh and love him. Since his appointment scores of messages have flashed along the wires from every part of the union, bidding him a hearty god-speed and assuring him of the great confidence in his ability and determination to carry out the pledges of the democratic platform. Seldom is such a flood of ringing endorsement seen.

Here is the way one message from a son-in-law of the late Senator Colquitt reads: "Milledgeville, Ga.—Hon. Patrick Walsh: Dear Sir: Allow me to congratulate you and tell you that in my heart I am very glad over your appointment as senator. My wife says: 'to tell you this is no man in the state whose shoulders are so broad as to have the mantle of his late father to fall than yourself.' With our best wishes, Yours truly, T. F. NEW

WALSH.

A GREAT SHOW.

"The Divorce Suit" to Be Presented at the Grand Tonight.

IMMENSE SALE OF SEATS AND BOXES

The Evening's Programme—John Thompson Will Start the Fun by a Curtain Raiser That Will Make a Hit.

The Grand theater will echo with laughter tonight.

"The Divorce Suit," the Press Club farce, the most laughable entertainment ever seen here, will be presented in that theater to an immense audience.

As has been repeatedly stated in the papers, the audience will perhaps be the greatest since Patti was here. Unquestionably it will be the largest that ever witnessed any amateur entertainment.

The advance sale of seats has exceeded the brightest expectations of the promoters of the farce, and they have every reason to believe that the sale will continue today and tonight with the same aplomb. Altogether the attendance will be something immense.

As to the entertainment, it has been exhaustively reviewed by the papers. Nothing can give a fairer idea of it than the printed descriptions save the sight of it. That it is bright, sparkling, witty, humorous and farcical is assured by those who have had the preparation of it in hand. There is no a moment in it.

The fun begins promptly at 8 o'clock. After an orchestral prelude the curtain will rise and handsome John Thompson, dressed in the most fashionable costume that money and influence could produce, will step out and entertain the audience by a little three-minute skit. The specialty is Mr. Thompson's own, and it will put the audience in the best of humor to start with.

It is one of the best pieces of farce seen outside of New York. Those who have seen Mr. Thompson in rehearsal pronounce it simply immense.

After Mr. Thompson's short act the curtain will lift upon the court scene. The opening scene is in the early stages of a court day, and the audience will see the various stages by which a vacant courtroom evolves into a live, bustling court, occupied by the most distinguished individuals.

The fun begins instantly. There is no weary prologue. Everything that is tiresome or superfluous has been weeded out, and what was left is guaranteed to produce laughter from the remotest individual.

The public is requested to be on hand promptly at 8 o'clock. The curtain will go up at that time and those who fail to see the curtain raiser will miss one of the great features of the entertainment.

It is needless to mention again the clever persons who are to take part in the entertainment. Colonel H. W. J. Ham is coming down to Atlanta to contribute from his rich fund of humorous stories to the evening's entertainment. Then Atlanta's brightest humorists are on the playbill. Where can a better mimic than Joe Johnson be found? Or a brighter than Will Blinn? Or a funnier than Judge Abner? Or a more original than Calhoun? Where a droller than Red Calloway? Where a better negro impersonator than Alex Bealer? Or a cleverer speaker than the famous "C. C. H."?

Does the world of minstrelsy afford a brighter example of the fun-maker than Ed Brown? Where's the Atlanta who can down Colonel George W. Adair telling stories?

All these and many more will be there, and an evening of unexcelled enjoyment is promised. About three hundred choice seats remain, but they will be taken today.

Superintendent N. M. Hurt has promised to have an ample number of cars to carry the people home after the entertainment.

MORE ARRESTS.

Several Others Connected with the Female Gang Caught Yesterday.

The police raided the den of the female burglars yesterday, captured two more of the gang and recovered a vast amount of stolen goods. Their layout was in a back alley near Bell street, where most of the stuff was hidden away. Articles of every description were spread about the place in reckless confusion. In one corner was a pile of pocketbooks, all empty except one, which contained a bangle made out of a dime with the initials "C. C. H." inscribed on it. Several trunks full of all kinds of stuff were carried away and these goods, together with those seized Saturday, will make a pile at police headquarters worth a good deal.

Some of the stolen articles were identified yesterday. Mr. Seaborn Mangum identified the two diamond studs and carried them away rejoicing. Some of the pieces of clothing were marked. "A. W. Darn" is the name on several pieces and it is believed that a large amount of the goods belong to that gentleman. There is no saying, however, where all the stuff came from, and if you have missed anything recently it would be well to call at police headquarters and see if they are not there.

The capture of this gang is a good strike for the police. The arrests and arrests. The two thieves arrested yesterday are men who were implicated in the confession of Dora Thorpe, the leader of the gang.

A GREAT WHEAT MARKET.

Kansas City the Entrepot for Foreign Trade Through Southern Ports.

Kansas City, Mo., April 8.—(Special.)—The wheat market of Kansas, Mo., and Kansas City, Kan., the first one with \$5,000,000 and the second with \$5,000,000, only one together, lying side by side, with only an imaginary yet immovable state line between them, intangible as a film of vapor, yet as real as an etched partition of iron, is the center of the wheat trade of the world.

It is a big burg with a big destiny. Kansas City is the second most important city in the United States, and it is the center of the wheat trade of the world. It is a big burg with a big destiny. Kansas City is the second most important city in the United States, and it is the center of the wheat trade of the world.

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that powerful and well-managed railway, the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, with her vast meat and bread stuffs trade, the shortest line to the ocean and Gulf, gives her a commercial importance that cannot be measured, not only in domestic, but in the vast possibilities of foreign commerce.

It is the plain duty and interest of the west to join the south in this plan for their common good. Southern direct lines are the needed agencies of this work, and with western and southern states to export and the return import objects, to secure for the south and west the vast trade of the seventeen Central and South American republics, Mexico and the West Indies, of which the United States only gets now about one-fifth, and which is ours by geographical demands.

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The commercial bodies here in Kansas City and the business men of the west are deeply interested in our exposition, and are taking right hold of these matters. They recognize that it is a big movement of surpassing importance. The heads and directors of every trade body here are looking into the matter and organizing a full plan of effective and zealous co-operation, of which I shall keep you advised.

A GREAT GAME.

The Baltimore Team at the New Park This Afternoon.

The Baltimore boys will cross bats with Teddy Sullivan and his men this afternoon at the new baseball park. The game will be played at 3:45 o'clock, and a large crowd will be on hand.

Wednesday's opening league games are to be played. Macon will step into the diamond, and the whole of Atlanta will be there to see the jump on the home team.

Mobile News.—The Mobile Southern League team played havoc with the aspirations of the New Orleans professionals today. They could not bat their way out of the field.

The attendance was 2,000. Score: New Orleans, 12; Mobile, 0. Errors: 2—New Orleans, 1; Mobile, 0.

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TODAY'S MEETING.

It Will Be the Most Important Meeting Yet Held.

DIRECTORS OF THE EXPOSITION AT WORK

The Subscription List to Be Inspected at the Meeting Today. The Work to Take a New Start.

Today will probably bring the directors of the exposition together for the most important business session that has yet been held.

The meeting will take place this afternoon in the exposition headquarters on the second floor of the Constitution building and definite plans for beginning the work on the buildings will be taken into consideration.

The subscriptions will be laid before the committee appointed the other day to pass upon the validity of them and if the required \$200,000 is found to be in hand the work of planning the extensive architectural designs of the exposition will no longer be delayed.

The committee to inquire into the subscriptions consists of Mr. Romare, Mr. Haas and Mr. Peel.

It is very necessary that every member of the directory should be at the meeting to make reports as to the subscriptions since it is absolutely important that all such reports should be turned over to the investigating committee.

The names of those who have not yet put their names to the subscription lists should go today before the meeting is at hand in order that they may be accounted for in the report.

In order that the directors may all have notice of the meeting the full list is given below, and they are earnestly asked by the committee to be on hand when the roll is called. Here are the names:

Julius Dreyfus. W. A. Hemphill. Grant Wilkins. R. D. Grant. J. B. Goodwin. R. B. Bullock. J. T. Glenn. James R. Wylie. G. P. Howell. S. M. Inman. G. T. Dodd. J. W. English. J. J. Spalding. H. E. W. Palmer. J. H. H. Cabaniss. A. L. Konte. W. H. Venable. H. H. Cabaniss. E. L. Tyler. C. A. Collier. E. B. Pyler. R. D. Spalding. A. W. Smith. S. F. Woodson. J. H. H. Cabaniss. A. L. Konte. A. D. Adair. J. W. English. D. B. Neal. R. J. Lowry. T. O. Dougherty. E. P. Chamberlain. E. Rich. J. H. H. Cabaniss. John A. Milner. Joseph Hirsch. H. M. Atkinson. E. P. Chamberlain. John A. Grant. C. E. Harman. C. S. Northen. John A. Fitten. J. A. Dodson. B. F. Walker. J. H. H. Cabaniss. A. L. Konte. R. P. Dodge. H. T. Inman. Joseph Thompson. F. P. Rice. P. H. Harralson. Forrest Adair.

Let every one of the directors be in place this afternoon, and let the work take on new interest and be pushed with a newness of life.

JIM REISINGER'S MISSING LEG.

He Lost It Years Ago, and It Has Just Been Found.

From The New York Sun.

"Jim Reisinger found his leg," said a resident of Roulette, Pa., who recently returned from the Butler county oil regions.

He was passing the unexpected appearance of his leg to a friend who was with him when he was shot in the leg by a bullet from a Centerville oil well.

He had it suspended from the reach of his wagon, where he thought it would be safe from any jar and consequent danger of explosion. Jim would have been right in his calculation, no doubt, if it hadn't been for a bear that rose suddenly from a hollow hole at the side of the road, just as the team was passing. The unexpected appearance of the bear frightened the horses and they ran away. They didn't run far, though. The wagon struck a deep rut in the road. The suspension of the leg was broken, and it was knocked with such force against a stone as the wagon jolted down that it was exploded.

Jim carried it home, where he was working on the top of a rail fence fifty feet away from where the leg was found. He was working on the top of a rail fence fifty feet away from where the leg was found. He was working on the top of a rail fence fifty feet away from where the leg was found.

There wasn't a fragment of any kind of metal in the leg, and Jim was sure that it was his own. He was sure that it was his own. He was sure that it was his own.

One day last week Jim was chopping down a big oak tree that stood in a field 300 yards from the spot where Jim Reisinger's leg was found.

Jim Reisinger's leg was found. He was sure that it was his own. He was sure that it was his own. He was sure that it was his own.

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TWENTY-FIVE GRAINS

Of Morphine End the Life of a Young Woman.

WAS SEPARATED FROM HER HUSBAND

And Preferred to Die Rather Than Live Without Him—What Her Sister Says About It.

Twenty-five grains of morphine taken with suicidal intent ended all that was mortal of Mrs. Mattie Porter yesterday at half past 1 o'clock.

Mrs. Porter lived with her sister in a little brick cottage at No. 12 Trinity avenue, and for some time past has been in a despondent condition. No cause is assigned for the act, except continued grief over the separation from her husband.

Early yesterday morning the woman arose and took a long walk alone. She returned about 8 o'clock and went at once to her room. Calling the cook, she said that she did not wish any breakfast, and putting twenty-five cents in the negro's hand told her to go at once to the drug store and get some morphine. The cook returned without it, and Mrs. Porter wrote an order for it. She then returned to her room in a small red box. Mrs. Porter snatched it eagerly. Then she ordered the woman out of the room, and flinging herself upon the bed, quickly swallowed the deadly stuff.

"I haven't about that time," said her sister, Lula Harris before the coroner's jury yesterday, "and saw Mattie lying there on the bed. Her face was hid and she was crying. I noticed the box with the morphine label on it, and asked her if she had taken the drug. She said, 'Yes, I have taken it, and thank heaven, I will be dead in an hour.' I asked her why she wanted to die, and she said she didn't have anything to live for and that she didn't want to stay in this world any longer. Then I ran as quickly as I could for a doctor."

The woman also stated that she and her sister lived there alone and had been occupying the house about three months. "Mattie," she said, "was married about three years ago, and shortly afterwards separated from her husband. Since the separation she has always been despondent and apparently took no interest in things."

Her husband traveled for some northern house and, it is said, made money. Saturday night, according to the testimony of the cook, Mrs. Porter said that she would be satisfied to die if she could just see her husband once more, but that couldn't be, as he had died.

The verdict of the coroner's jury was that she came to her death from an overdose of morphine taken with suicidal intent.

Southern Unitarian Conference.

The services of the ninth annual conference will be held in the Church of Our Father, Church street, near Forsyth, on Thursday, Wednesday and Thursday, April 10th, 11th and 12th. The conference sermon will be given Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock by Rev. C. K. Jones, of Louisville, Ky. Mr. Jones is one of the most notable and eloquent divines in the country. His subject will be "Our Divine Humanity."

On Wednesday and Thursday mornings interesting meetings will be held, at which papers and addresses will be given by representative men and women of the Unitarian church.

On Wednesday night the following subjects will be treated: "The Religious Education of the Young," "Liberalism," "Church League," and "The Extension of Liberal Thought," by Rev. Messrs. Thayer, of Cincinnati, Pierce, of New Orleans, Cheney, of Richmond, and Messrs. A. L. Jones, of Charleston, and W. H. Russell, of Chattanooga.

On Thursday the conference will close with a mass meeting, at which addresses will be made on the following subjects: "Co-operation Among Liberals," "Reciprocity Between Differing Religions," and "Christian Unity," by Rev. Messrs. Thayer, of Cincinnati, Pierce, of New Orleans, Cheney, of Richmond, and Messrs. A. L. Jones, of Charleston, and W. H. Russell, of Chattanooga.

All these meetings are free and all interested are cordially invited to attend.

Disappearing Receptiveness.

From The Birmingham Age-Herald.

The southern people will never realize how serious to them have been the misfortunes of the great railroad systems that run through this section of the country.

Of all the great agencies of development in these times of titanic forces, the great railroads are the first and chiefest. It matters not whether their misfortunes came from watered stock, speculations, squeezing, deals or other causes whatsoever, the effect of disintegration and receiverships on the country and the people have been the same.

A receivership and a policy of development are an inconceivable combination. The people are more dependent on the railroads than they appreciate. These vast aggregations of capital can and do readily undertake and accomplish results that no individual enterprise could ever achieve, and all enlightened railroad management is progressive, and proceeds on the theory that the creation of new traffic is a part of its business.

Hence it is that the reorganization of our great railroads is a matter of the highest importance to the people of the south. It is the forerunner of another era of development. It is the getting ready for a grand stride forward. It means more for the farmer and the vacant lands, lumber trade extension, more market and more ready access to the enterprises of every description and a steady growth. There is hardly a doubt that all the bones up and sent them to the front year is over, and that the renewed vigor of private railroad ownership and control will bring the great central fact that will mark 1894 as the beginning of a new and distinct epoch in southern progress.

CITY NOTES.

MESSRS. ALLAN & CRAIG of the Mutual Life, of Kentucky, have returned to the city after a successful business trip of sixty days in sub-saharan Georgia. The boys look considerably tanned.

DINED BY THE QUADRANT.—The Quadrant entertained Messrs. Clark Howell and Will H. Black at an elegant dinner at the Kimball yesterday. The dining was in parlor 104, and those present were Mr. Clark Howell, Mr. W. H. Black, Mr. Julian Harris, Mr. Walter Howard, Mr. Robert Adamson and Mr. Joe Johnson.

RAVISHING COSTUMES.—As has been frequently pointed out, the female characters in "The Divorce Suit" will be dressed in ravishing costumes. That worn by Mr. Joe Johnson will be superb and the credit of it is due to the generosity of J. M. High & Co., by which firm it was furnished. The costume worn by Mr. John Thompson is also a marvel of workmanship. It was furnished by M. Rich Bros., the millinery by Max and the diamond by Mrs. F. R. Stilson. Mr. Thompson will wear about two thousand dollars' worth of diamonds.

A Sleeping Car Turns Over.

Savannah, Ga., April 8.—(Special.)—The dining car of the Savannah, Florida and Western Central and Peninsular road was turned over this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Centerville crossing. The car was badly injured. The accident was caused by the breaking of a journal under the car. The damage was slight.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

Card from Justice Bloodworth.

Editor Constitution.—You have published the card of Mr. J. F. Kempston and I ask that you publish my reply.

Mr. Kempston's statements are not in accord with the facts. The negro Hutchinson made affidavit to secure a laborer's lien against J. F. Kempston. I explained the law to Mr. Kempston and explained that he must make a counter affidavit and give a bond and stated to him that if his statement was true that there would not be any further trouble or expense to him, as the negro could not recover.

Mr. Kempston then took my form book and asked the bailiff to go with him to his office and he would write up the papers and give J. C. Baldwin as security on bond. Kempston came back in a few minutes with the counter affidavit, accompanied by the bailiff, who had in his possession a box of cigars. Kempston stated that he had decided not to make the bond, but had instructed the bailiff to levy and had given him the box of cigars upon which to levy, and that he considered it a sale, as he knew that I would smoke them up and have them pay for.

Mr. Kempston himself then gave the information to The Commercial that a levy had been made upon the stock of the Baldwin Cigar Manufacturing Company, which he knew was not true, as the paper was against him and not the cigar company, and he had pointed out the property upon which to levy.

The statement that blackmail was attempted to be levied or that any proposition was made to him to settle with the negro in my back room or elsewhere is utterly false. I simply told him after the negro was arrested that I was certain he could not maintain his accusation of perjury against him, but if he insisted on it, I would commit the negro and could prosecute him by appearing before the grand jury. This I did, knowing that it would bring the whole matter, my conduct in relation to the attention of the grand jury. Fully believing that the grand jury would not indict and the negro was not in danger, and that it would be wrong in me to run the county to the expense of keeping a prisoner without a shadow of a chance to convict.

There's one style suit, in espel

lial, in our stock that is attracting much attention: a black chevot, ong cut sack, round or square cut, at \$10. Why? Because it's the best value ever offered for the price, and fits as well as a \$20 suit. All sizes now. If you live out of town, we'll gladly send it, C. O. D. with the privilege of examination.

You've nothing to risk. Keep that 50c unlaundered shirt of ours in mind. It's excellent. \$2.75 the half dozen.

Correct Styles

You'll always find in our stock the shapes and styles of hats that are worn by the best dressers of the land. This is as true of medium and lower grades as of the finest.

We're also a lot of stiff hats—good styles, but not the latest—that are selling at a big reduction in price. Everybody can get suited in hat and price here.

A. O. M. GAY & SON,

24 Whitehall, corner Alabama.

Our Spring Novelties are generally observed because they represent the latest styles and correct fabrics for business or social wear. From start to finish the make-up of our Garments carry the art of Tailoring to the highest perfection, and we refer with pride to our Suits for they are worn by the best dressed men hereabouts.

A Question.

Why should you wear what might possibly fit some one else?

Why not choose from the widest, broadest, fullest and best collection and get an artistic fit that makes you feel thoroughly satisfied. An air of confidence accompanies the man who wears our fine Clothing.

Boys' Suits.

It matters not whether parents want something plain, strong and durable for school and knock-about wear, or the natty, fancy effects for dress, we are equally prepared to show you the choicest of either; and you'll be asked but a very small price for stunning value.

THEY MET IN SECRET.

Queen and Crescent Men Chafing Under the Announced Reduction.

MOUNTAINEERS LEAD THE REVOLT

There Is Some Gossip of a General Strike on the System—A Representative Meeting Called.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 8.—(Special.)—Ever since the order was issued, March 23, by the new lessees of the Queen and Crescent system declaring a 10 per cent reduction in the wages of all employees after May 1st, suppressed excitement has been very marked in all branches of the railroad service. Secret information has been obtained from a reliable source of a meeting of trainmen held at Sevier, Ky., last Monday night. This is the northern terminus of what is known as the Mountain division of the Cincinnati Southern road. At least 400 federated railroaders, every order being largely in evidence, were present. Although most of those attending came from the Mountain division, a few were present from other sections of the road, which were taken unaware by the sudden call. The men were very much in earnest and with two exceptions unanimously voted resolutions condemning the cut as unjust and declaring it the sense of the meeting that all hands go out on May 1st, if the order is not recalled. The convalescence held a star chamber session almost all night and the action has been guarded with sealed lips. Trouble will undoubtedly follow if the demands are not respected.

It was decided to call a meeting of employees from the entire Queen and Crescent system to assemble in Chattanooga or Birmingham the latter part of April. To this end all railway orders were directed to choose delegates. The understanding prevails among railroad men that the Mountain division will set the pace for the entire system. If the Mountain division goes out, all other districts will follow suit. This is largely due to the fact that here is the roughest section of the line and the reduction falls with especial force upon this division. Here is the mining district of Kentucky and the road could not get men from more civilized parts of the country to run through this turbulent belt, if the mountaineers should go on a strike. The road here runs through the great coal mining district of Kentucky.

RAILROAD NEWS.

At a recent meeting of the bondholders of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, held in New York, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, That the following gentlemen, Messrs. Greenough, Swann, Erwin, Taylor and Coppel, be appointed a committee of the bondholders, and that they be directed to ascertain and report the nature of any proposal for the purchase of the Cincinnati extension bonds.

"Resolved, That all the bondholders be requested to deposit their bonds with the Central Trust Company to the order of said committee pursuant to an agreement which shall provide for ascertaining the wishes of the bondholders by vote in person or by proxy and providing that the action of a majority of the bonds so deposited shall be binding upon all.

"Resolved, That the committee shall call meetings of the bondholders at any time to consider proposals which they may receive for the purchase of the bonds deposited and, meanwhile, they are authorized to negotiate for a sale of said bonds, but such negotiation is to be subject to ratification by a majority of bonds deposited as provided in the agreement above referred to."

These resolutions have considerable bearing upon the recent stoppage of the General Sam Thomas and others to have the East Tennessee sold in June. The exact time has not been fixed yet for the sale of the road, but it is known that the sale will be some time after the middle of June.

CLEVELAND'S MINSTRELS

Will Open Tomorrow Matinee and Night at the Grand.

One of the best minstrel organizations now on the road is the Cleveland minstrels, which will play an engagement of two performances Tuesday at the Grand. Manager Cleveland believes in giving the public novelties and this season he brings a show brimful of new and catchy ideas. His Columbian first part is said to be the grandest thing of the kind yet seen on the stage. The costumes will all be reminiscent of 1492 and the backing will be a gorgeous panorama of the world's fair, showing all the principal points of interest. The best ballad singers and the cleverest dancers in the profession have been engaged, while the vaudeville and specialty people have been specially brought from Europe by Mr. Cleveland.

The advance sale of seats, which began Saturday, shows that our theatergoers are ready and anxious to appreciate a good minstrel performance.

The usual street parade will take place Tuesday and the matinee at 2:30 will open the engagement, which will also close with the night performance.

Nat Goodwin.

Mr. Nat C. Goodwin, the talented and genial comedian, will signalize his engagement in this city by the production of a new comedy, written for him by Henry Guy Carleton, and entitled "A Gilded Fool." The play has already been seen in all the large cities, and its success has been so great that the comedian has made it the prominent feature of his present tour.

"A Gilded Fool" was presented in New York at the big Fifth Avenue theater for a run of four weeks. It caught the popular fancy at once, and the crowds that thronged the theater were so large that the orchestra was banished from its usual abiding place to make room for more chairs. Then the run was extended four weeks, and at the end of that time the play was withdrawn in the height of its popularity, because it was impossible to secure time for it in the house.

The entire company is fitted with good parts, and all do thorough justice to them. "A Gilded Fool" will no doubt receive a warm welcome here. It will be repeated at matinee and Saturday night a double bill, "Gringoire" and "The Nominee" will be presented.

"The Midnight Alarm" will begin a three days' engagement at the Edgewood avenue theater tonight. The company is an exceptionally strong one and has just closed an engagement of three weeks in New Orleans. Here is what was said of the company by The Times-Democrat:

"The Midnight Alarm," besides being strong in itself, is accompanied by a vivifying degree of striking realism, and also presents commendable examples of scenic art, must necessarily be popular. Consequently there were no empty seats last night. "The Midnight Alarm" is a play which realizes this description. Somewhat unconventional in theme and unique in plot, it possesses considerable rugged strength. The scenes, laid in and around the metropolis, with the attendant dramatic situations, are excellent. The company is strong and very gracefully responded to the curtain calls of a demonstrative audience. During the engagement at the Edgewood popular prices will be charged. Special Wednesday matinee.

The Evolution

Of medicinal agents is gradually relegating the old-time herbs, pills, draughts and vegetable extracts to the rear, and bringing into general use the pleasant and effective liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs. To get the true remedy see that it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only. For sale by all leading druggists.

GEORGIA DOCTORS

To Hold Their Next Annual Convention in Atlanta.

THE FULL PROGRAMME PREPARED

Showing the Subjects Upon Which the Doctors Will Enlighten Themselves and the World.

The Georgia doctors will assemble in this city next week.

The state convention will remain in session April 18th, 19th and 20th.

These conventions are always occasions of great interest, adding much to the knowledge of the participants. The programme prepared for the coming convention is as follows:

Dr. R. M. Harbin—Trephining in head injuries, with paralysis of opposite arm, following by fungus cerebri.

Dr. M. A. Clark—The treatment of typhoid fever.

Dr. J. J. Hopkins—Castration for crime.

Dr. W. H. Glimmer—Drainage of the peritoneal cavity. The use of the syphon pump.

Dr. W. W. Stewart—Endometritis, cervical and corporal, pathology, symptomatology and treatment.

Dr. A. C. Blain—Medical legislation.

Dr. Howard J. Williams—A case of sarcoma of the ileum following a railway injury.

Dr. P. R. Cortelyou—Diabetes mellitus.

Dr. McWhorter—Treatment of pneumonia.

Dr. O. H. Buford—Fluid E. Jaborandi as an abortive treatment in pneumonia.

Dr. Dunbar Roy—Otorrhea.

Dr. A. H. Shorter—A cataract.

Dr. W. A. Crow—Cancer of the uterus, the result of operative interference of the fibro-cystic-sarcoma, involving the right inferior maxillary bone.

Dr. W. F. Westmoreland—Treatment of surgical shock.

Dr. I. S. McMurry.

Dr. J. M. Head—LaGrippe. Some unusual sequences, cases.

Dr. L. H. Jones.

Dr. W. S. Goldsmith—Treatment compound fracture of skull, with report of case.

Dr. W. P. Nicholson—The time for operation in strangulated hernia.

Dr. H. E. Stafford—The extraction of clear sinuses, with report of five cases.

Dr. J. C. Johnson—Pathology and treatment of pneumonia.

Dr. M. B. Hutchins—Malignant growths of the skin; diagnosis and treatment.

Dr. J. McWhorter—Operation for fibro-cystic-sarcoma, involving the right inferior maxillary bone.

Dr. H. Verdine—Diagnosis.

Dr. J. W. Hallum—Chronic sore legs and how to cure them.

Dr. R. J. Nunn—A case of gonorrhoea in a female.

Dr. John G. Earnest—A case of extra uterine pregnancy.

Dr. Samuel C. Benedict—Suggestive and its therapeutic uses.

Dr. J. I. Darby—Treatment of traumatic epilepsy with report of cases.

Dr. R. H. Taylor—An operation for hemorrhoids.

Dr. J. C. LeHardy—Galvanism in office practice and in gynecology.

Dr. W. H. Elliott—President's annual address.

Dr. A. A. Smith—Typhoid and typhomalarial fever, their differential characteristics.

Dr. J. M. Hull—Foreign bodies in larynx.

Dr. P. B. Cortelyou—Report of case of inflammation of external auditory canal following facial erysipelas.

Dr. F. M. Riddle—Priming and diphtheritic croup, the operative and the expectant or medical treatment.

Dr. Ross P. Cox—Sacral surgery, ovaries, tubes and uterus.

Dr. R. R. Kime—Case report, extra uterine superfetation.

Dr. W. S. Elkin—Some remarks upon appendicitis and report of cases.

Dr. William F. Holt—Rare cases in obstetrics.

Dr. A. M. Cartledge—The termination of appendicitis when not subjected to operation.

Dr. James C. Avery—The tampon in gynecology.

Dr. James C. Avery—The recent outbreak of smallpox in Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. W. L. Bullard—Conjunctival cysts in each eye.

Dr. Arthur G. Hobbs—The treatment of corns and ulcers with the galvano-cautery.

Dr. George W. Brown—Nasal sprays put to use.

Dr. F. W. McRae—Appendicitis, with report of cases.

Orator's address.

Dr. George H. Noble—Phlegmasia alba dolens.

Dr. Bernard Wolfe—A plea for the closer recognition of dermatology.

Dr. R. R. Kime—The general practitioner versus gynecology, preventive and non-preventive.

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Water-ground meal, per bushel, 1.00
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Best N. O. Syrup, per gallon, 1.25
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LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining in Atlanta, Ga., postoffice, unclaimed, April 7, 1894. Persons claiming will please say advertised, and give date. One cent must be paid on each advertised letter.

Ladies' List.
A—Miss A. E. Arnold, 334 Whitehall Miss Millie Atkinson.
B—Mrs. Janie Bailey, 23 Vine; Mrs. Mary Bell, Butler street; Mrs. Charles E. Boles, Miss Mandy Benett, 504 Spring; Mrs. M. Brennan, Nannie Bailey, 183 Jefferson.
C—Mrs. French C. Cox, Miss Lou Chapman, care Mrs. Ryan, 183 Jones av.
D—Miss Sallie Eubanks.
E—Mrs. M. S. Freeman, Mrs. R. A. French.
G—Mrs. J. J. Gallagher, 233 Boulevard; Mrs. Matilda Glenn, 226 Edgewood; Mrs. Will F. Grether.
H—Mrs. E. F. Hunt, Misses Genia and Dora Harrison, Mrs. Jennie Howe, 35 Grand; Miss Mandy Hall.
J—Miss Sarah James, 235 Capital av.
L—Mrs. Cornelia Lankin, 12 Piedmont; Miss Lucy Leinen, Marie Levens, Mrs. S. A. Low.
M—Mary Marsham, 116 Law street; Miss Mary Mayfield, Mary Mott, Mrs. Lou McGuinness, Miss Rose McGinniss.
N—Amanda Nealy, Miss Ella Nolan, 17 Lucy.
P—Mrs. Mattie Petty.
S—Mrs. Amy Spilston, care J. J. James, Welhouse & Sons; Miss Mattie Strickland, 53 ave.
T—Miss Annie Thompson, Mrs. Frank K. Thompson.
W—Miss Coly Wilson, 357 Chestnut; Mrs. Amanda Williams, Miss Johanna Waters, Mrs. Sallie M. Wood.

Gentlemen's List.
A—Captain A. P. Alexander, 349 Woodward ave.; Durward Anderson, 15 E. Hunter; J. W. Atchison.
B—George Burnham, Dave O. Bryan, L. A. Bryan, J. T. Burges, J. R. Beal, T. H. Bell, W. H. Battle.
C—Mr. Clemens, C. F. Cullen, E. W. Crane, J. T. Cawthon, L. L. Cheatham, Captain J. T. Craven.
D—Patrick Dogan, Dr. T. C. Dunlap, 14½ Whitehall; Dr. W. A. Duncan.
E—J. H. Ellsworth, Sam Ellett, W. T. J. Eaton.
F—David Floyd, 310 N. Stonewall; C. G. Pittenden, Joseph Finn, 43 Hunter; J. R. Fowler, Tom Fowler, 7 Semmetree st.; W. H. Fleming, 71 Houston.
G—A. J. Greenway, 84 Magnolia; Abe Galt, E. N. Green, Gate City bank; Jas. F. Goodman, Jim Graham, Nale Gann, care Henry Gann; Rafael Gianetasio, 14½ Atlanta street.
H—H. H. Hughes, Solomon S. J. W. Hauger, 1 Ponder street; W. L. Henderson, McDaniel; W. J. Hatcher, W. C. Howe, 38 Peachtree; W. C. Hoyt.
J—W. F. Jennings, J. B. Jordan, John Paul Jenkins, C. R. Johnson.
K—M. C. Kinney, care Mrs. Nona Davis, No. 18.
L—J. M. Lucas.
M—Frederick Moule, G. W. Moore Commission Company, C. J. Mize, J. D. Moore, No. 30, Loula Matthews, Archie McLean.
N—W. H. Nelson.
O—Willie O'Neal.
P—Ellis Pettit, John Paten, 7 Pryor; Jas. T. Parrell.
S—George Smith, 27 Loyd; John R. Shields, Wm. Shomo.
T—Wm. Thomas, 35 Peachtree.
V—Cartono Volino, James Vernoy, 402 E. Hunter.
W—A. D. Ward, C. Whitney, John A. Winsor, Will E. Whitehead, W. C. Woolley.

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C. K. Maddox, Superintendent.
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There will be special revival services at the Third Baptist church every day this week, at 8 and 7:30 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited. Good singing, free seats and a hearty welcome is extended.

ONE FARE BY THE SHORT LINE.

For the Southern Baptist Convention at Dallas, Tex., May 11-15, 1894.

The rates first announced for the great Baptist convention, at Dallas, in May, have been reduced by the Richmond and Danville railroad and the Georgia Pacific railway, and tickets will be sold for one lowest first-class limited fare for the round trip. The dates of sale will be May 7th to 9th, inclusive, and the tickets will be good returning thirty days. See that your tickets read the right way.

Diagrams are now ready and names should be sent in at once.
W. H. TAYLOR, Dist. Pass. Agent.
A. VERNON, Passenger Agent.
S. H. HARDWICK, Assistant General Passenger Agent.
Atlanta, Ga., April 6-31

Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and women, 22½ South Broad street.

HALF RATES TO MEMPHIS

For the General Convention Methodist Episcopal Church, South, May 24 to 30th.

For the above named convention the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip. Three trains daily. Free chair cars to Chattanooga. Remember this is by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, which is the only line running free chair cars. For particulars write to E. E. Kirby, city ticket agent, corner Kimball house, J. J. Parnesworth, division passenger agent, Atlanta, Ga., April 3-31

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Mr. A. E. Hawkes, Dear Sir—after using your patent eye-glasses for two years, I desire to express my great appreciation of them, as they are at all times perfectly comfortable and enable me to see with astonishing clearness.

REV. R. K. SMOOT.
Reason? Beecham's Pills act like magic.

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Suwanee Springs is now in fine condition. The recent overflow of the bathing pool, caused by the freshet, has entirely receded, and the many guests still at the springs will be from now on enjoying delightful baths in those wonderful health-giving, health-restoring waters.

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Is permanently located in Griffin, Ga., to receive and treat all invalids. Send postage stamp for circular.
March 12, 1894.
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And there's a patented device inside the back of each that insures free circulation of air.

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